

# IEEE智慧科研三重奏:

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## 大纲

- ▶解锁IEEE Xplore资源宝库——全球顶尖科技资源检索平台介绍
- ▶揭秘高效检索科研文献的N种方法——AI驱动的文献挖掘及热点把控
- ▶介绍IEEE科技文献英文写作——黄金结构解析与写作范式
- ▶解析精准选刊的策略与投稿的全部流程——选刊决策引擎



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## The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers

电气电子工程师学会



## IEEE的成立

1884

1912

1963

Present



+



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American Institute of Electrical Engineers 美国电气工程师学会

#### **IRE**

Institute of Radio Engineers 无线电工程师学会

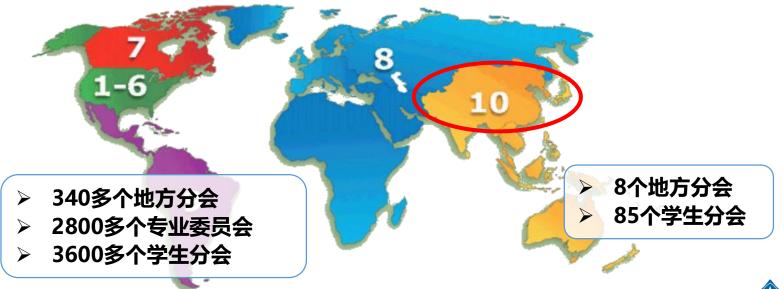
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The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers 电气电子工程师学会



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● 非营利组织,全球最大的技术行业学会,成员遍布190多个 国家地区,会员超过48万人 (统计截止2025年2月)





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- IEEE Technology and Engineering Management Society
- IEEE Ultrasonics, Ferroelectrics, and Frequency Control Society
- IEEE Vehicular Technology Society



## IEEE涵盖各个科技领域

## More than just electrical engineering & computer science

Aerosnace & Defense

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- 出版世界电气电子工程和计算机领域
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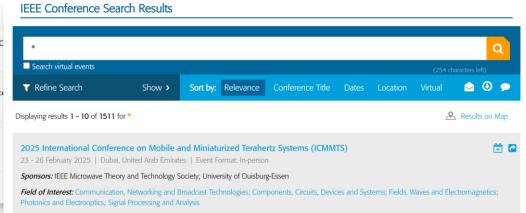




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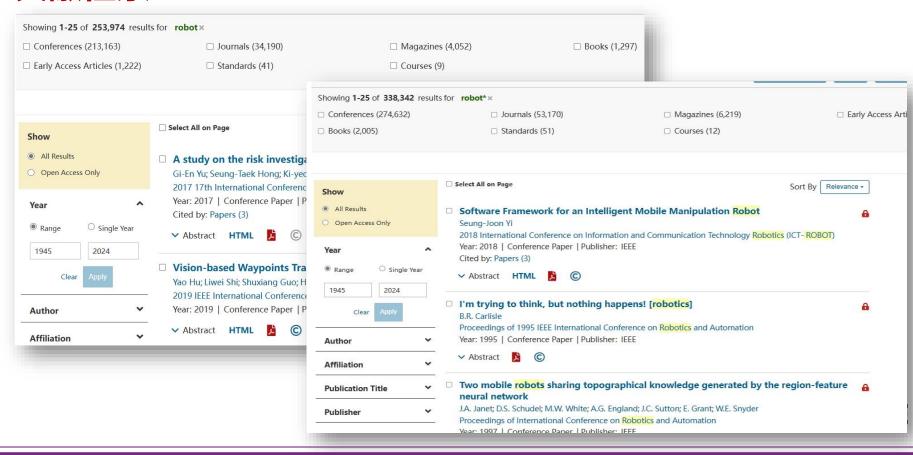


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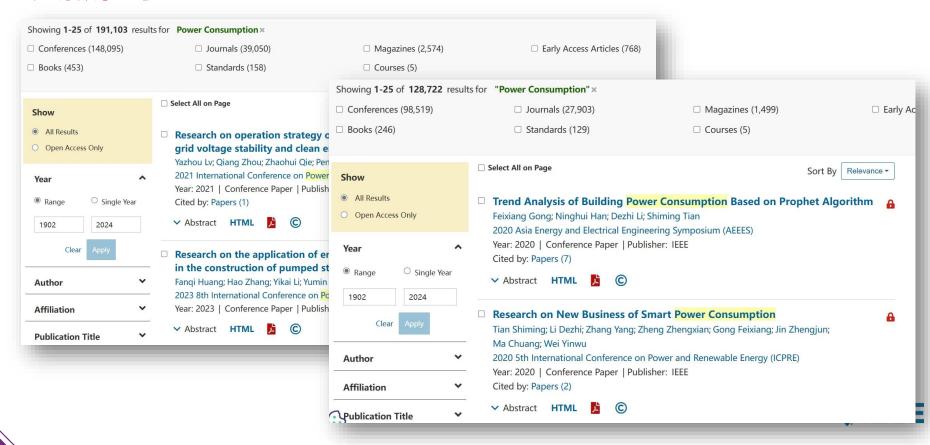
- 1. 默认检索内容:metadata only
- 2. 检索词之间的默认关系: AND 如 artificial intelligence= artificial <u>AND</u> intelligence
- 3. 自动获取词根: 名词单复数, 动词时态变换, 英式美式拼写
- 4. 模糊检索使用\*和?: learn\* (可以包含learn、learn<u>ing</u>、 learn<u>ed</u>、 learn<u>er</u> )
- 5. 精确检索使用双引号:词组、固定搭配;如 "artificial intelligence"
- 6. 支持命令检索: 如"Abstract": artificial AND "Publication Title": intelligence
- 7. 检索词不区分大小写,检索运算符全部大写



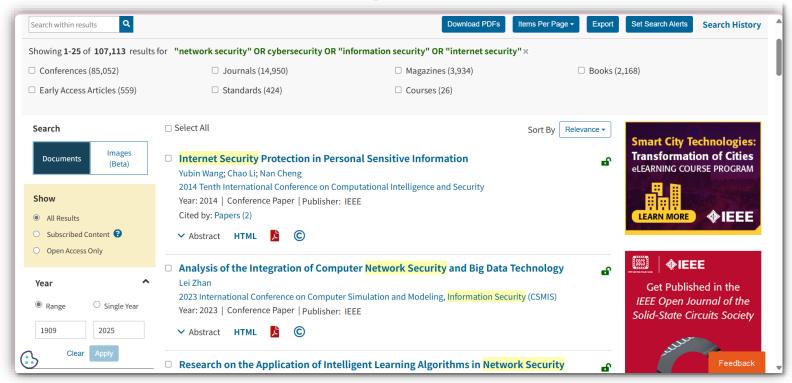
## 文献检索: robot vs robot\*



## 文献检索: Power Consumption vs "Power Consumption"

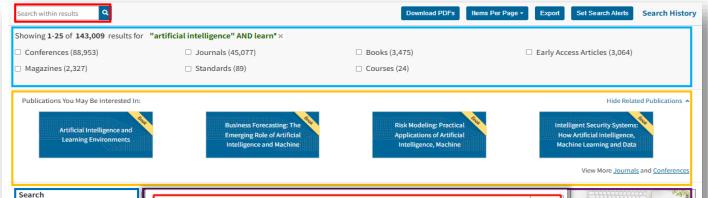


## AI驱动的文献挖掘-利用deepseek构建检索式









新功能 图像搜索 -仅限IEL用户

**Documents** 

Year

Range

1961

Author

Affiliation

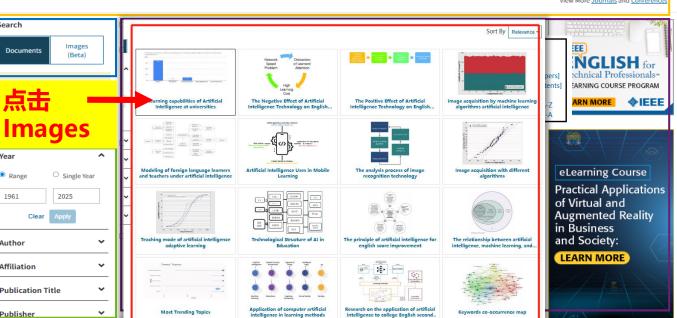
Publisher

**Publication Title** 

2025

Clear

## 聚类 分析栏



文献类型筛选

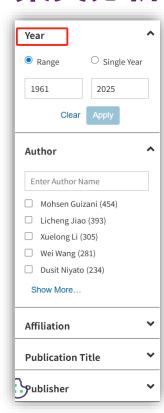
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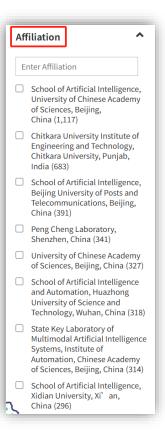
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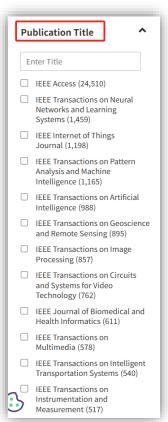


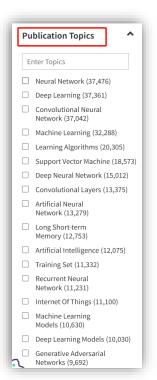
## 聚类分析功能





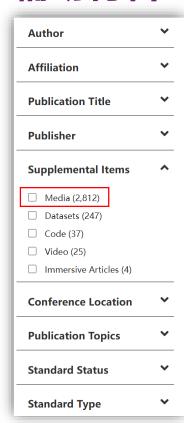


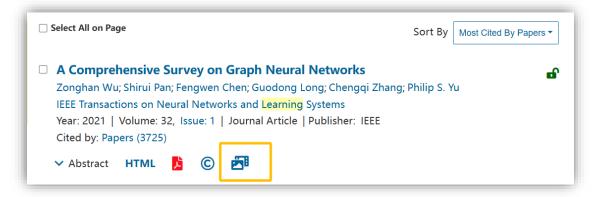






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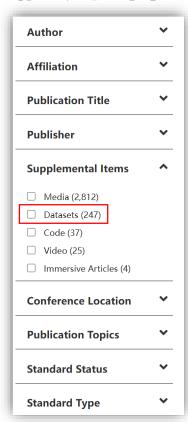


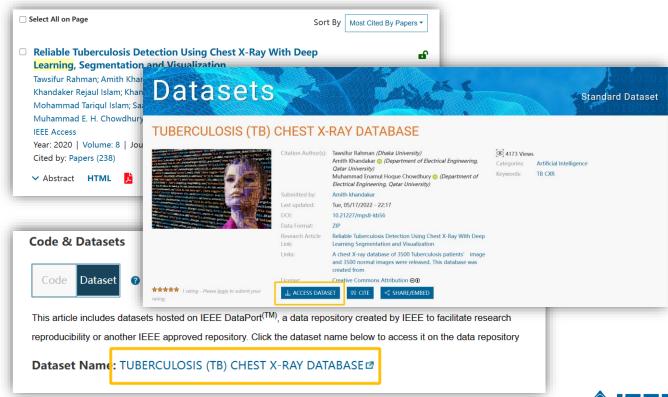






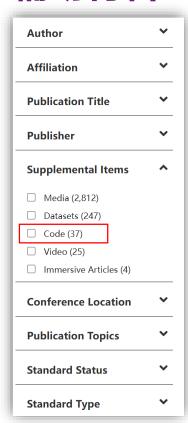
# 辅助材料-Datasets

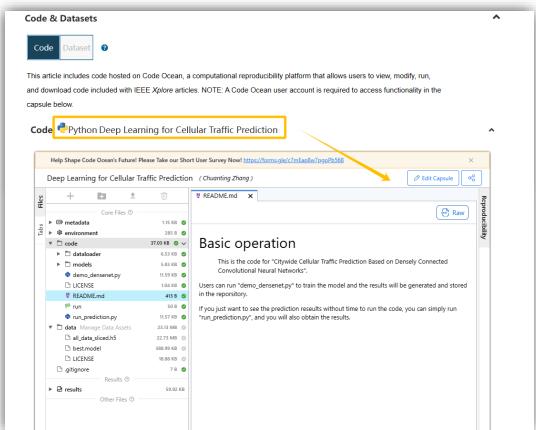






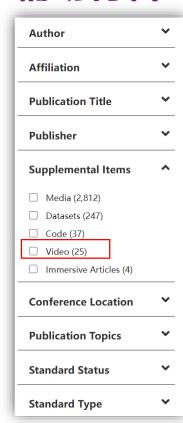
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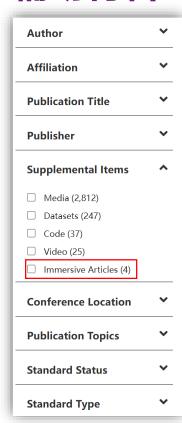
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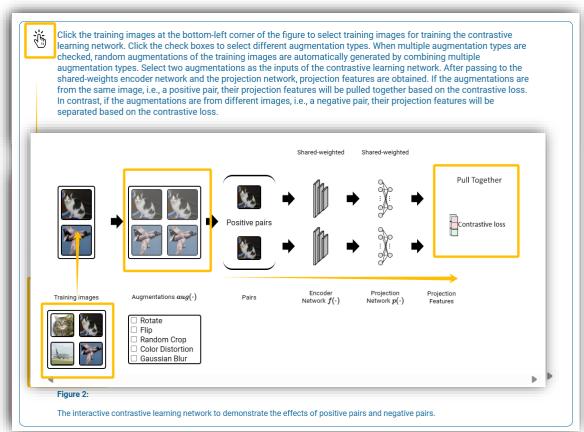






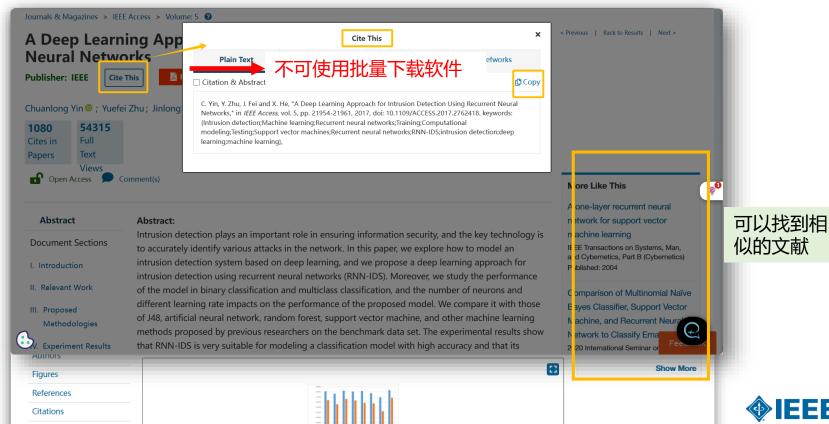
## 辅助材料-Immersive Articles







## 文摘页面



Keywords

#### Abstract

Document Sections

- I. Introduction
- II. Relevant Work
- III. Proposed Methodologies
- IV. Experiment Results and Discussion
- V. Conclusions

Authors

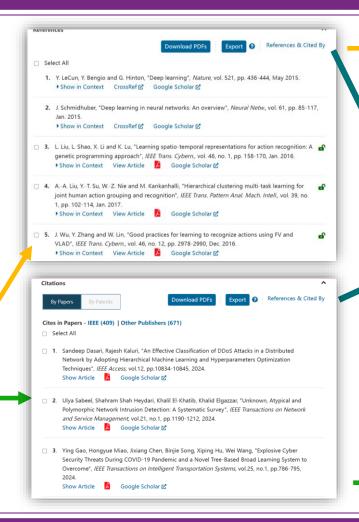
Figures

References

Citations

Keywords

Metrics

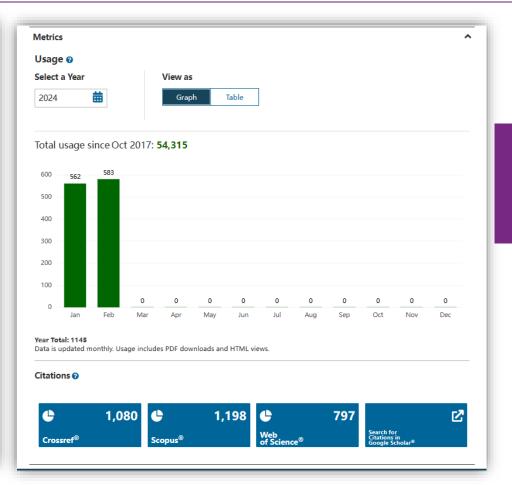


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可快速获取引文文献, 了解领域研究进展;

## Abstract Document Sections I. Introduction II. Relevant Work III. Proposed Methodologies IV. Experiment Results and Discussion V. Conclusions Authors **Figures** References Citations Keywords



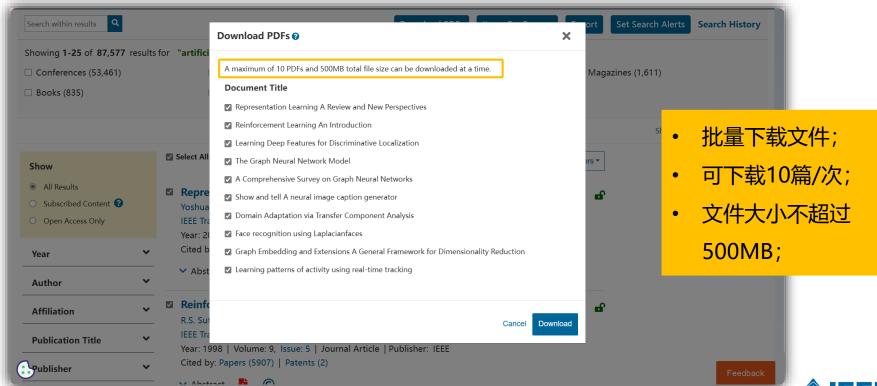
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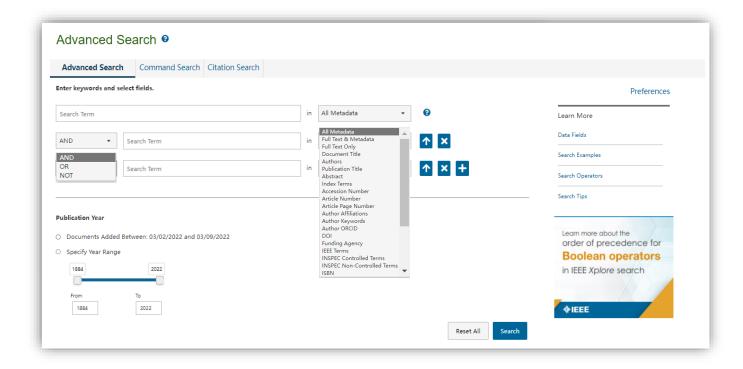
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# 高级检索——了解机构发文情况





# 介绍IEEE科技文献英文写作

——黄金结构解析与写作范式



## 准备好发表论文了吗?

- 1 New and useful? 新的,有价值的
- 2 Hot topic? 热门主题
- 3 Contribution? 贡献
- 4 Supporting data? 支撑数据
- 5 Ruled out other interpretations? 排除其他解释
- 6 Discussed with co-authors? 与合作作者讨论



# 科技论文主体结构

Title 题目

Abstract 文摘

Keywords 关键词

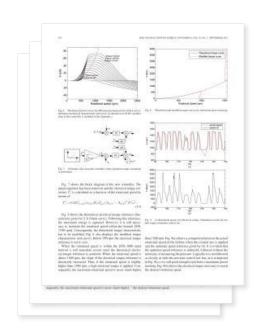
Introduction 引言

Methodology 方法

Results/Discussions/Findin gs 结果与分析

Conclusion 总结

References 参考文献





## (1) 题目

#### 好的题目应该

- ·回答读者问题 "这篇文章与我相关吗?"
- 抓住读者兴趣、有吸引力
- ·简洁描述文章内容
  - 简洁
  - 考虑关键词对文献搜索的影响
  - 避免行业术语



# Taking the Human Out of the Loop: A Review of Bayesian Optimization

The paper introduces the reader to Bayesian optimization, highlighting its methodical aspects and showcasing its applications.

By Bobak Shahriari, Kevin Swersky, Ziyu Wang, Ryan P. Adams, and Nando de Freitas

ABSTRACT | Big Data applications are typically associated with systems involving large numbers of users, massive complex software systems, and large-scale heterogeneous computing and storage architectures. The construction of such systems involves many distributed design choices. The end products (e.g., recommendation systems, medical analysis tools, realtime game engines, speech recognizers) thus involve many tunable configuration parameters. These parameters are often specified and hard-coded into the software by various developers or teams. If optimized jointly, these parameters can result in significant improvements. Bayesian optimization is a powerful tool for the joint optimization of design choices that is gaining great popularity in recent years. It promises greater automation so as to increase both product quality and human productivity. This review paper introduces Bayesian optimization, highlights some of its methodological aspects, and showcases a wide range of applications.

KEYWORDS | Decision making; design of experiments; optimization; response surface methodology; statistical learning

#### I. INTRODUCTION

Design problems are pervasive in scientific and industrial endeavours: scientists design experiments to gain insights

into physical and social phenomena, engineers design machines to execute tasks more efficiently, pharmaceutical researchers design new drugs to fight disease, companies design websites to enhance user experience and increase advertising revenue, geologists design exploration strategies to harness natural resources, environmentalists design sensor networks to monitor ecological systems, and developers design software to drive computers and electronic devices. All these design problems are fraught with choices, choices that are often complex and high dimensional, with interactions that make them difficult for individuals to reason about.

For example, many organizations routinely use the popular mixed integer programming solver IBM ILOG CPLEX for scheduling and planning. This solver has 76 free parameters, which the designers must tune manually—an overwhelming number to deal with by hand. This search space is too vast for anyone to effectively navigate.

More generally, consider teams in large companies that develop software libraries for other teams to use. These libraries have hundreds or thousands of free choices and parameters that interact in complex ways. In fact, the level of complexity is often so high that it becomes impossible to find domain experts capable of tuning these libraries to generate a new product.



## 举例:

A Human Expert-based Approach to Electrical Peak Demand Management

#### **VS**

A better approach of managing environmental and energy sustainability via a study of different methods of electric load forecasting

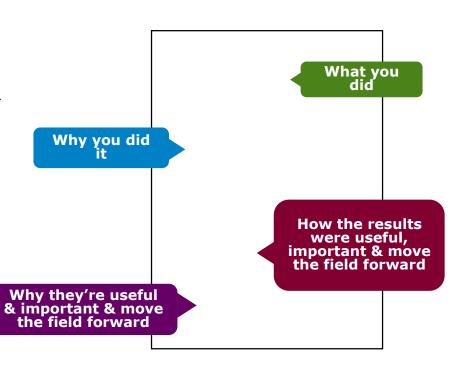


## (2) 文摘

文章的浓缩版

- 不超过250字,
- · (避免专业术语过多、避免公式过复杂、避免内容过于细节)
- 以过去式写作
- 使用关键词和索引词

研究目的、工作概述、关键技术/理论、 具体结果、行业意义



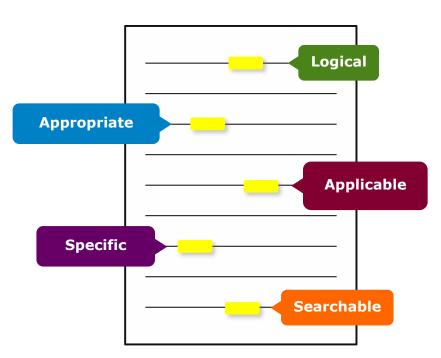


# (3) 关键词

用在题目和文摘中,以 提升检索引擎精度

### 可参考IEEE叙词表

https://www.ieee.org/publications/services/thesaurus-access-page.html





# (4) 引言

- 描述研究问题
- 按照以下步骤

Generally known information about the topic

Prior studies' historical context to your research Your hypothesis and an overview of the results

How the article is organized

- 引言不应该
  - 太宽泛或太模糊
  - 超过2页
- 以现在时撰写



# (5) 方法

- 问题构想以及解决问题,证实或否证假想的过程
- 使用图解阐释想法并支持结论
- 确保公式编写正确 (使用<u>IEEE Math Typesetting Guide for LaTeX</u> <u>Users</u> 或 <u>IEEE Math Typesetting Guide for MS Word Users</u>)。

### **Tables**

Present representative data or when exact values are important to show



### Figures

Quickly show ideas/conclusions that would require detailed explanations



### Graphs

Show relationships between data points or trends in data





# (6) 结果/讨论

### 证明你解决问题或作出重大贡献

结果: 总结资料

应该清晰简洁

使用表格图解配合文字解释结果,增强文 宣可读性

讨论: 阐释结果

为什么研究提出了一个新方案

如何提升当前领域

FINENEZ-MUNDI et al: LST RETRIEVAL METHODO FROM LANDSAT-6 THERMAL INFRARED SENSOR DATA

the SC algorithm over the whole range of w values increase to 3-4 K, except for the TIGR<sub>1711</sub> database, with an RMSE of 2 K. This last result is explained by the w distribution, which is biased toward low values of w in this database. When only atmospheric profiles with w values lower than 3 g - cm 2 cre selected, the SC algorithm provides RMS around 1.5 K, with almost equal values of bias and standars deviation, around I K in both cases (with a negative bias, thus the SC underestimates the LST). In contrast, when only us values higher than 3 g - cm<sup>-2</sup> are considered, the BC algorithm provides RMSEs higher than 5 K. In these cases, it is preferable calculate the atmospheric functions of the SC algorithm directly from (3) rather than approximating them by a polynomial fit approach as given by (4).

#### V. DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSION

**Discussion** 

The two Landaut-S TIR bands allow the intercomparison of two LST retrieval methods based on different physical such as the SC (only one TIR band required) rithms (two TIR bands required). Direct inversion e transfer equation, which can be considered prithm, is assumed to be a "ground-truth" endition that the information about the and  $L_{d}$ ) is accurate enough. The SC algoin this letter is a continuation of the previous SC

[O], and it could be used to generate consistent LST products from the historical Landest dose using a single algorithm. An advantage of the SC algorithm is that, apart from surface emissixity, only water vapor content is required as input. However, it is expected that errors on LST become unacceptable for high water upper contents (e.g., > 3 g · cm<sup>-2</sup>). This problem can be partly solved by computing the atmospheric functions directly from  $\tau$ ,  $L_{\omega}$ , and  $L_{\mathcal{L}}$  volces [see (5)], or also by including sir temperature as input [15]. A main advantage of the SW sir temperature or input [15]. A main advantage of the SW
Symy-Manus! Rescons.AR, MA, Villa, 4th Front-Sin Lid., 1900.

Special and the performance of the performance and, [16]. As Resisting, St. Rescons.AR, MA, Villa, 4th Front-Sin Lid., 1900.

Special thus, a vaide range of water vapor values; and that it only receives water vapor as input (special from surface sensitivity).

Political and Company of the performance of the pe requires water vapor as input (apart from surface emissivity at the two TIR bands). However, the SW algorithm can be only applied to the new Landant-S TIRS data, since previous

tonic opposes to the new London Entropy and previous the Configuration of the Configuration o gorithm, this occuracy is only achieved for a values below 3 g - cm<sup>-2</sup>. Algorithm testing also showed that the SW errors are lower than the SC errors for increasing water vapor, and vice verso, or demonstrated in the simulation study presented in Sobrino and Jimsteer-Muster [18]. Although an extensive [17] validation exercise from in sits measurements is required to passes the performance of the two LST alsorithms, the results obtained for the simulated data, the sensitivity analysis, as well [15] as the previous findings for algorithms with the same mathemotical structure give confidence in the algorithm accuracies entimoted here.

#### Receptances

#### Results

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### SECTION IX. CONCLUDING REMARKS

In this paper, we have introduced Bayesian optimization from a modeling perspective. Beginning with the beta-Bernoulli and linear models, and extending them to nonparametric models, we recover a wide range of approaches to Bayesian optimization that have been introduced in the literature. There has been a great deal of work that has focused heavily on designing acquisition functions; however, we have taken the perspective that the importance of this plays a secondary role to the choice of the underlying surrogate model.

In addition to outlining different modeling choices, we have considered many of the design decisions that are used to build Bayesian optimization systems. We further highlighted relevant theory as well as practical considerations that are used when applying these techniques to real-world problems. We provided a history of Bayesian optimization and related fields and surveyed some of the many successful applications of these methods. We finally discussed extensions of the basic framework to new problem domains, which often require new kinds of surrogate models.

Although the underpinnings of Bayesian optimization are quite old, the field itself is undergoing a resurgence, aided by new problems, models, theory, and software implementations. In this paper, we have attempted to summarize the current state of Bayesian optimization methods; however, it is clear that the field itself has only scratched the surface and that there will surely be many new problems, discoveries, and insights in the future.

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The authors would like to thank K. McGill from VA Palo Alto Health Care System and Monica Rojas from Universitat Politècnica de Catalunya for helping to perform the experimental data collection and reviewing a draft of this paper.



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We then have

$$(P_t^{k+} + P_t^{k-})^2 - (P_t^{k+} - P_t^{k-})^2 + 4P_t^{k+}P_t^{k-}$$
  
 $< (\hat{P}_t^{k+} - \hat{P}_t^{k-})^2 + 4\hat{P}_t^{k+}\hat{P}_t^{k-}$   
 $- (\hat{P}_t^{k+} + \hat{P}_t^{k-})^2$ , (32)

Since  $P_t^{s,+} - P_t^{s,-} = \hat{P}_t^{s,+} - \hat{P}_t^{s,-}$ , we then have  $P_t^{s,+} < P_t^{s,+}$ , and  $\hat{P}_t^{s,-} < P_t^{s,-}$ . Because the operational cost is an increasing function of  $(P_t^{s,+}, P_t^{s,-})$ , we obtain that

$$c_{u/m}(P_t^{s,+}, P_t^{s,-}) < c_{u/m}(\hat{P}_t^{s,+}, \hat{P}_t^{s,-}).$$
 (33)

Therefore the optimal pair  $\{P_t^{k,+}, P_t^{k,-}\}$  must satisfy that  $P_t^{k,+}P_t^{k,-}=0$ , i.e., only one of  $P_t^{k,+}, P_t^{k,-}$  can be non-zero.

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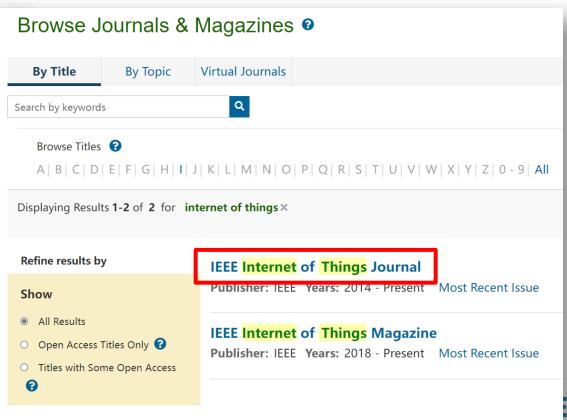
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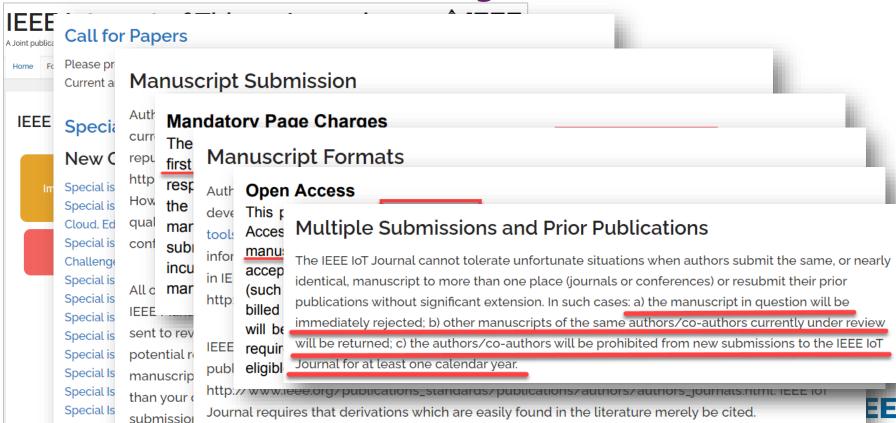


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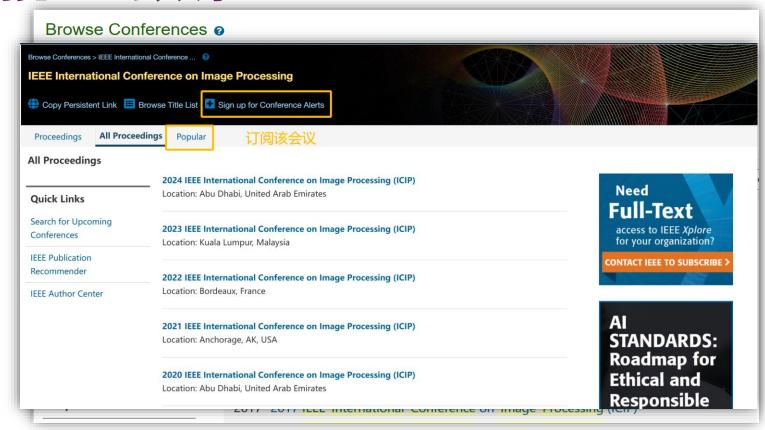
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### **Key Dates**

#### Key Dates for Papers (Final)

Submission Deadline for Full Paper (Publication) March 15, 2025

Submission Deadline for Abstract (Presentation) March 15, 2025

Notification for Full Paper by March 25, 2025

Notification for Abstract Five Working Days

Registration Deadline March 30, 2025

Camera Ready April 10, 2025

#### Special Session Proposal Deadline

Submission Deadline February 20, 2025

Notification of Acceptance by Five Working Days

Set Up by Five Working Days after Notification

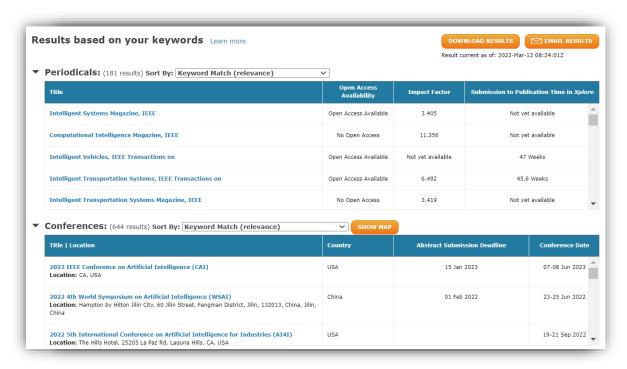
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April 15, 2025



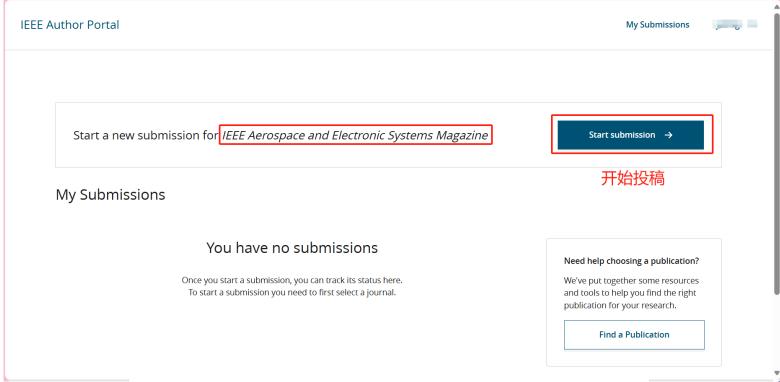
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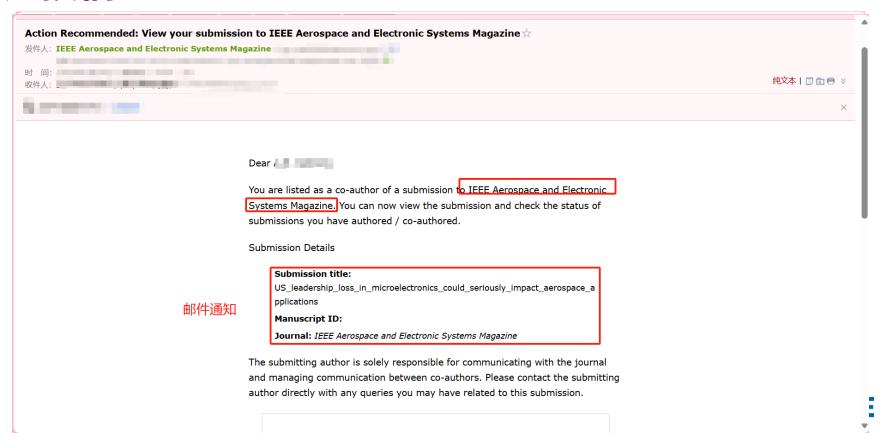
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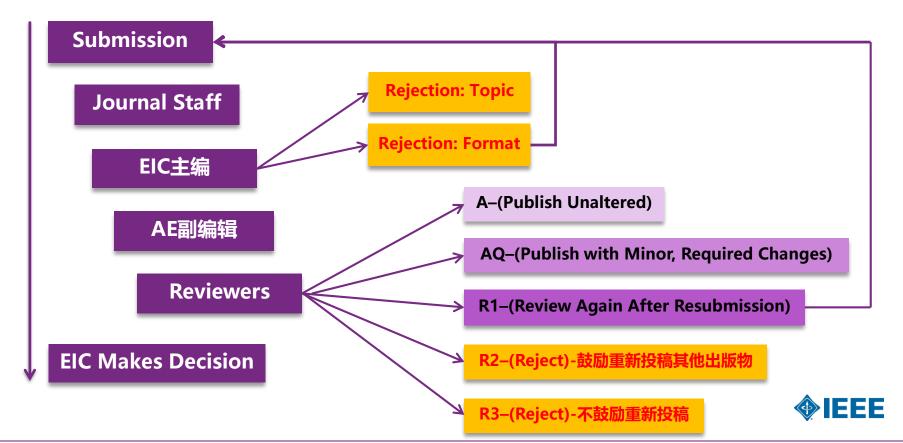
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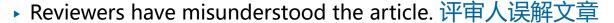


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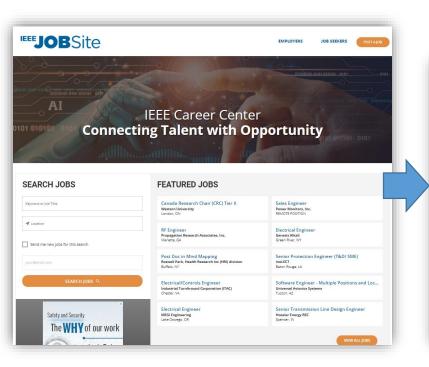








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主题一(b): 巧用IEEE Xplore进阶检索技巧,精确定位目标文献	9月25日
主题二: AI加持下的IEEE资源动态	10月9日
主题三:IEEE步履不停:领航开放科学之路	10月16日
主题四: IEEE投稿攻略: 攻克投稿壁垒	10月23日
主题五: IEEE科技论文发表锦囊	10月30日
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### 韩悌昕 兰州大学第二医院

· 分享主题: 论文投稿与期刊选择—如何借助 AI工具提高效率

· 个人简介: 空军军医大学生物医学工程硕士毕业 生, 现担任兰州大学第二医院信息中心工程师。 累计发表SCI论文4篇, 中文核心期刊3篇。研究 方向为电磁成像与人工智能, 生物信息学。

### 石启伟 中国中医科学院



· 个人简介:电子信息与中医学交叉学科背景,深入参与中医望诊设备研发,参与多项中医现代化设备研究。参与国家重点研发计划项目、北京冬奥会中医药文化展厅项目、中国中医药大会"AI五禽戏"项目。研究方向:中医药智能装备。

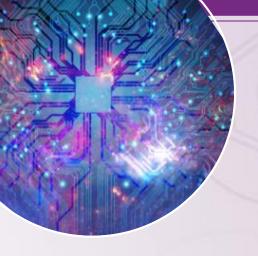


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